## CASE 3 14 M/O BOY

## **Brief history**

- Past history
  Denied
- Chief complain

Bleeding from right ear twice in two days

### Imaging studies

H&N CT (no C)(2015.01.06)Brain MRI (+ C)(2015.01.30)

## Imaging findings

#### ✓ CT :

- Large soft tissue masses over the right pre-auricular and temporal region with adjacent bone destruction
- Right external auditory canal filled with soft tissue and is poorly recognized

#### • MRI :

- Two enhancing & expansile bony soft tissue masses in the right anterior mastoid and temporal bones & left sphenoid body
- Enlarged lymph nodes in bilateral upper neck in the jugulodigastric chains at level IIb

# Imaging findings



## **Differential Diagnoses**

 Langerhan's cell histiocytosis (Hand-Schuller Christian's disease)

Pathology report Langerhan's cell histiocytosis

## Hand-Schüller-Christian Disease

- Chronic multifocal Langerhans cell histiocytosis
- **Dysregulated proliferation of Langerhans cells** and subsequent multifocal, chronic organ involvement
- Genetic mutation in the MAPKinase pathway that occurs during early development
- One of four types of Langerhans cell histiocytosis (LCH) :
  - Eosinophilic granuloma
  - Congenital self-healing reticulohistiocytosis
  - Hand-Schüller-Christian disease
  - Letterer-Siwe disease
- Proptosis, lytic bone lesions, diabetes insipidus

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## Hand-Schüller-Christian Disease

- Wide spectrum of cranial and intracranial findings :
  - osseous lesions in the craniofacial bones and/or skull base with or without soft-tissue extension
  - intracranial, extra-axial changes (involvement of hypothalamicpituitary region, meninges, and other circumventricular organs, including the pineal gland, choroid plexus, and ependyma)
  - intra-axial parenchymal changes (white matter and gray matter)
  - cerebral atrophy





