

CASE 4

13 Y/O GIRL

Brief history

- **Past history**

Abnormal craniofacial appearance

- **Chief complain**

Recent developing hearing impairment

Imaging studies

Head CT (no C)

(2020.08.04)

Imaging findings

- ✓ **Hyperostosis with increased osteosclerosis** involving multiple craniofacial bones, also with hyperostosis of multiple cervical vertebrae
- ✓ **Hyperostotic deformity of the skull base and temporal bones** with concomitant absence of bilateral foramen spinosum, stenosis of bilateral internal acoustic canals, and stenosis of the left jugular foramen
- ✓ **Chronic otitis media, left**

Differential Diagnoses

- **Fibrous Dysplasia/McCune-Albright syndrome (FD/MAS)**
- Paget disease
- Jaffe-Campanacci syndrome
- Garré sclerosing osteomyelitis

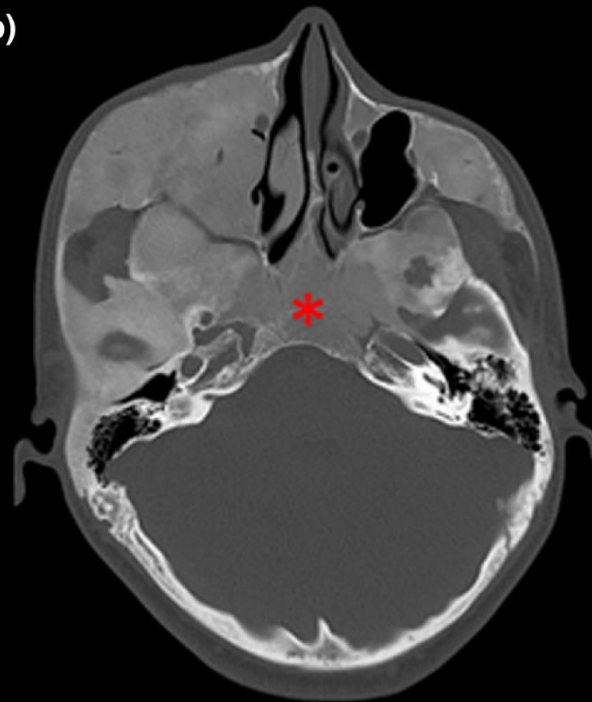
McCune-Albright syndrome (MAS)

- Rare genetic disorder resulting from postzygotic somatic mutations in the **GNAS gene** and is usually diagnosed during **childhood or adolescence**
- Clinical triad:
 - **Monostotic or polyostotic fibrous dysplasia**
 - **Precocious puberty**
 - **Café-au-lait skin macules**
- Imaging features:
 - **Uni- or multifocal expansile bone lesion(s)** with variable fibrous stromal matrix (ground glass/mixed/cystic)
 - **Craniofacial involvement** can lead to calvarial deformity and facial disfigurement (“**Leontiasis ossea**” in severe cases)
 - **Entrapment syndromes** (vascular or neurological)

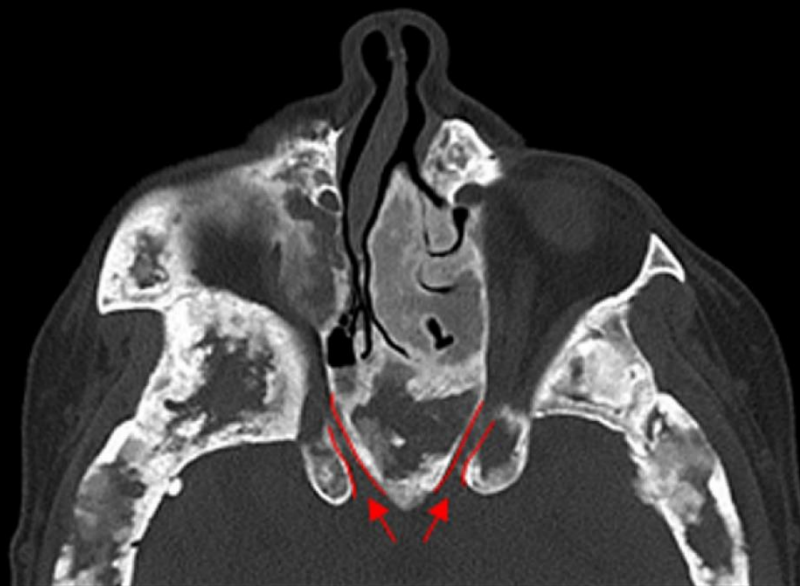
(a)



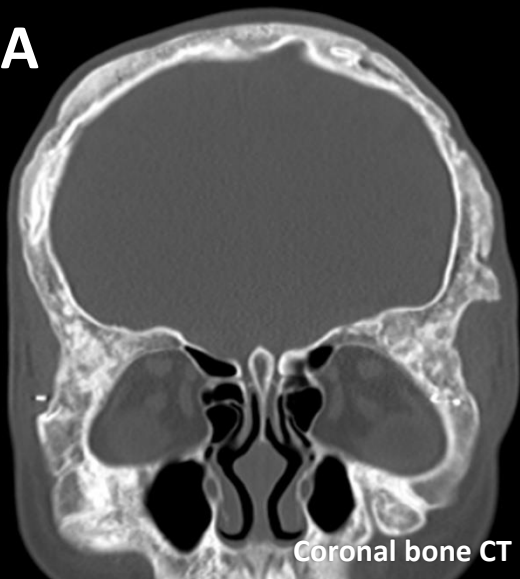
(b)



(c)



A



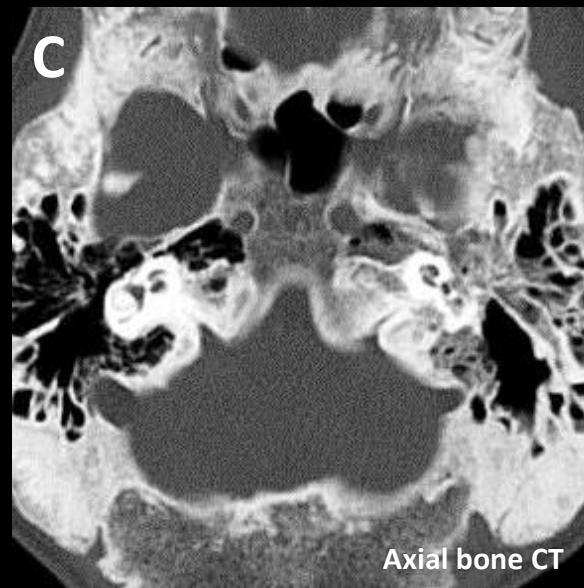
Coronal bone CT

B



Skull 3D reconstruction

C



Axial bone CT